Pierrons Anxious to Have United States Take Them In, 000000

in the North Atlantic, an adjunct that America sadly lacks at present. The Pierrons have two grievances now, religious and commercial, and they have stirred these excitable colonists to their profoundest depths. The famous law requiring religious associations to register and procure authorization, the enforcement of which has been attended with such sensational episodes in France, has been gromula-gated in St. Pierre also, resulting in the expulsion on July 14 of the brothers. Who teach the boys' schools there. The departing of these clerics provoked a riot unequaled in the history of the and were furious at the action of the government. The sisters, who conduct the girls' schools and the marine hospital, and have endeared themselves to the whole seafaring population by their ministrations to suffering fisher-men, are to be expelled shortly, and fearing a more violent outbreak of pop-ular wrath the authorities have had a French cruiser detached from the Newfoundland squadron lying at St. Pierre until the removal of the nuns is affected. The crucifixes were removed from the court rooms, but as the Pier-

rons refused to take the oath without-them they had to be restored again, much to the joy of the populace. Failure of Codfishery.

More serious, however, because it affects the livelihood of every settler in the archipelago, as well as the 6,000 Frenchmen who cross the Atlantic every year to fish on the Grand Banks and make St. Pierre their headquarters, is the failure of the codfishery through the operation of the New Foundland bank act. Late years have witnessed a ralling off in the catch, but this season it is worse than ever. The failure is absolute and many vessels have abandoned the industry already, though it is ordinarily continued until October.
What accentuates the distress is that most of the visiting fisherfolk are Breions, and the sardine fishery there last winter having proved unsuccessful, not proving as useful material for mod-they embarked in the codfishery on the end warships as was expected. The Grand Banks in the hope of recouping Pierrons therefore see themselves themselves. This hope has been cruelly forced to the wall. They have already blighted for them, and the Pierron outfitters who provide the vessels and equipments have also been heavy financial losers through the beggarly catches cial losers through the beggarly catches secured. The codfishery is the only livelihood of the Pierrons, and they see nothing before them while present conditions prevail but adversity, if not positive destitution. They are already beginning to emigrate to Canada and the United States, and those who remain at home are clamoring for annexation to the republic, contending that under the betign rule of Uncle Sam under the benign rule of Uncle Sam they would be allowed to retain their own teachers and would have free entry for their own fish, which latter boon would assure them of abiding

prosperity.
Pitiful, indeed, is the situation of the Pierrons today. The archipelago consists of Miquelon, Langlade and St. Pierre, three small islets off the south coast of Newfoundland, with a total area of eighty-one square miles and population of 7,000. Of these, 6,500 are settled on St. Pierre, which, though the smallest islet, has the only harbor of the group, and, therefore, the entire colony is commonly known in northern waters as St. Pierre. The group is barren rock, almost devold of verdure. It is a fishery outpost solely, Every esential to existence has to be imported—fishery requisites from France, pro-

ST. PEIEERE, Miquelon. This little tions of the boulevards. But a change matter. It would offer the casiest es-French colony, the last remnant of the French policy was inaugurated. St. French empire in America, is anxious for american to the United States. It would offer the casiest especial for american to the United States. It would offer the casiest especial for american is anxious for american to the United States. It would offer the casiest especial for american government. A schedule of the Cost of its government. A schedule of the United States as a naval buses were established. On the back But that England would consent to remedy the ills which inflict them, and of that the Newfoundianders enacted a such a transfer is more than doubtful as an inducement to the American government. sa an inducement to the American government to interest itself in their because of st. Plerre. Today it exhibits to her when France abandons them. The Newloundanders elacted a succession of the Miquelon archipelago with a naval base and coaling station with a naval base and coaling station in the North Atlantic an adjunct that

Ruined by Bait Act.

The Bait act which has ruined St. Pierre is a peculiar measure. It forbids the French dishermen from entering Newfoundland waters to procure tait or the Newfoundland coast folk from carrying bait to St. Pierre, and it is rigidly enforced by cruisers and irom carrying batt to St. Pierre, and it is rigidly enforced by cruisers and armed water police. It was devised to meet the competition of French bounty-fed codfish catches. On the Grand Banks the codfisning is prosecuted by French, American, Canadian and the Newfoundlander fisherman. The French and the Newfoundlander fisherman. The French and the Newfoundlander summy the peaceful little town. The governor was hissed, the ministry mobbed and the Sewfoundlanders supply the gendarmes beaten and thrown into the sea. Sixty arrests were made afterward, and the fines inflicted ranged from 100 anaval nursery, grants her subjects to 500 francs. The Pierrons retain the simple piety of their Breton forefathers Hon. David Mills, attorney general of Canada and later a judge of the susimple piety of their Breton forefathers cents a pound on all the cod they take, thereby sciniulating them to continue at the work. This bounty, in the old days when they paid no duties and had plenty of Newfoundland balt, enabled them to sell their catch at prices far below the Newfoundlanders, who thus found themselves being driven out of the European markets. They made representations to the British and French governments of the injustice of this. but without avail. So they decided to act for themselves and cut off the supply of balt; by means of which alone the French could successfully prosecute their fishing on the Grand Banks and obtain the objectionable bounty.

This bait consists of small herring. caplin and squid, and it is only to be had in the territorial waters of Newfoundland, whither the Americans and Canadians have to go for it till this day. The French up to 1890 enjoyed the same privilege, but the bait act deprived them of it and they have since them been resorting to all expedients to make good the drawback. But every year their catch of cod is lessening, their resources are being exhausted, and their condition becoming more liopeless. Relief from France they can not expect, for the bounties they now receive are so great that a proposition for their increase would not be entertained, the more especially as the men engaged in the fisheries are been shouldered off the so-called "French shore" of Newfoundland, so that they have only 267 men there this year against 1,497 in 198. Their fisherfolk can not make headway on that coast against the resident New-foundlanders, for the latter can turn to farming, mining and lumbering, whereas the treaties permit the French to fish only, and the waters are now so depleted that fishing is nearly in-possible as a remunerative enterprise On the Grand Banks they are deprived of bait, while all their rivals enjoy this adjunct in abundance, and the spec-tacle of scores of schooners entering St. Pierre this summer without coddsh and unable to procure bait has driven

st. Pierre this summer without codfish and unable to produce bait has driven the Pierrons nearly frantle.

Annexation Their Hope.

The United States is their only hope. They express this conviction with the utmost freedom and regardless of the frowns of the authorities. Denunciations of Premier Combes are mingled with commendations of President Boosevelt. It is rumored, that increased taxes will be imposed this autumn and the prospective victims declare that they will not be able to pay them. Because it is situated near the Grand Banks, St. Pierre is often visited by the American newspaper of today makes a practice of publishing occasion-ally a superior of the American newspaper of today makes a practice of publishing occasion-ally a superior of the American home contains from the to adozen cooks books, from which to make if the fusies which please the palate of the household, but what of the indian? It strikes me that little is known of the food of the red man, certainly as it was gifepared in the "fronter days of the food of the same to a large extent today.

Unless able to rival the fasting powers of Dr. Tanner, a vegetarian would have linte chauce of survival among. Indians, In their natural condition the sole diet of the plains for at least nine inonths in the year is the flesh of animals, and thought they prefer it cooked they are by no means averse to it raw.

In came but the States and today in the dishes which today.

In came but the American newspaper of today makes a practice of publishing occasion-all makes a practice of the home contains from the today in the dishes which home contains from the today of the dishes which the publishing occasion-all makes a practice of publishing occasion-all makes a practice of the home contains from the today of the dishes which the sublemant of the

Waif Who Drifted From Havana to Georgia Coast,

a Distance of Five Hundred and Twenty

Miles, in Open Boat, May Live.

Jose Vega's tale of the sea outthrills that of Monte Cristo. Fr six days

Jose drifted in an open boat on the Atlantic, during which time he ate his

clothes for food. He was rescued by the crew of the steamer Eddorado, on its trip from Galveston to New York. He will be returned to his parents

to merge the Miquelon Isles into the colony of Newfoundland. Then, by uniting Newfoundland with Canada, there would be one grand Dominion from the Atlantic to the Pacific, its symmetry unimpaired by a single inch of alien territory. Until the day Britain acquires St. Pierre such a consummation is impossible, and while St. Pierre remains in foreign hands it is a menace to British interests along the Canadlan seaboard. Some discussion having arisen on this point last year, Senator Lodge declared that under the terms of the Monroe doctrine the Unit-ed States could not acquiesce in the transfer of these islets from France to Britain, as it would be a case of a for-eign power acquiring new territorial interests in this hemisphere. This elicited the following reply from the late

1902: "When France yielded to Great Brit Newfoundland o ain that part of Newtoundiand of which she has taken possession, the Islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon, although coast appendages of Newfound-land and forming politically a part of the main island, were by express treaty stipulations allowed under certain restrictions to remain French possessions as places of refuge for the French fishing vessels upon the western coast of Newfoundland. According to the new doctrine of Senator Lodge, France could not now cede these islands to Great Britain. They must become a possession of some sovereign state of North or South America when they ceased to be Frenck. Now, I can say with the utmost confidence that when St. Pierre and Miquelon cease to belong to France they must again be united to Newfoundland and become a part of British North America. And I hope we shall not ask, nor be expected to ask the permission of our neighbors of the United States to secure the reamexa-

preme court of that country, in an ar-ticle in the Empire Review in March.

tion of these islands to British Ameri-This represents, absolutely, Canadian sentiment on the subject. Canada desires to secure Newfoundland's entry into the Dominion, but wishes the French Shore question settled and the Miqueions merged into Newfoundland previously, fearing the effect of these vexed issues on the Francophile province of Quebec. Canada would most strenuously oppose the idea of the United States acquiring St. Plerre, he-cause it would mean the planting of a foreign garrison in the very mouth of her main gateway—the gulf of St. Lawrence. But for the United States the group would be invaluable, in these days when sea power depends so much on widely scattered and conven-lently situated coaling stations.

SAVAGE COOKERY.

Interesting to Those Whose Servants are About to Quit.

(Gen. Andrew Burt. U. S. A., in Kansas Utty Slar.)

is a fishery outpost solely. Every exsential to existence has to be imported
—fishery requisites from France, provisions and fitments from America,
lumber and firewood and cattle and
poultry from Newfoundland. Formerly
it was almost a free port, the cost of
administration being borne in the main
by France. Those were the haleyon
days of St. Pierre when unlimited bail
was obtainable from Newfoundland
and unlimited stocks of various commodities were smuggled across there in
payment. Then the Pierron merchants
amassed handsome fortunes, and retired to Paris to enjoy the fascina
JOST VEGA IMPROVES.

In camp the duty of cooking is usually
the residents contrast their own serving
to with the splendid circumstances of
the visitors.

That France would be glad to sell St.
Pierre to the United States can hardly
be doubted. It is notorious that she
only retains the islets, at a heavy aninual sacrifice in money, because of the
mastery of them. But to transfer them
to the United States, a traditional ally
by france, would be a very different
to the United States, a very different
to the United States and leavy cooking is usually
the capulation of the pure is no variety of the villating appetites already over keen. A
the devolved on the oldest and leavy come is squaw.
There is no variety of the villating appetites already over keen. A
the fisher is not variety of the villating appetites already over k he cooking. This is considered the civilized, the "ton-

This is considered the civilized, the "tonish" way, but is not much liked, the
helping squaw being always suspected of
favoritism. There is no fault-finding allout
the cooking, and whether "half raw" or
"dons to rags" no objection is made frou
vided the meat be of good quality and
sufficient in quantity.

The Indian knows the choicest tidbits
of every animal, and just how to cook
them to suit his taste. The great fall
bunt yields him the fullest enfoyment of
his appetitic, for then he not only has his
choice of the more savory parts, but, the
women being employed in other work, it
is not derogatory to his dignity to cook
for himself.

for himself.

In butchering the women cut the meat as obselv as possible from the bones, but leaving on and between the ribs many a glorious mouthful. Marrow fat is believed by the Indian to be especially good for their hair, and during the feast the greasy hands are constantly wined upon and arrows. by the Indian to be especially good for their hair, and during the feast the greasy hands are constantly wiped upon and pass ed through his long talls.

The, Indian is an enormous feeder. But that corroborative evidence is so easily obtained. I should hesitate to give details of his wonderful capacity of stomach. In the course of a alght of feasting, dancing and story-telling, an average Indian will consume from ten to fifteen nounds of meat; and if he has abundance of food, and can make selection of the parts to be eaten, he will swallow, without indigestion or other convenience, not less than 20 pounds. Even in their wildest state, all the Indians I have ever known use salt with their food when they can get it. The advanced tribes take generally to condiments, using considerable quantities of both red and black nepper. The liver of a very fat elk will not infreduently become broken by ever healing in a long chase. This with the contents of the gall bladder sprinkled over it, is one of the most delicious of all morsels to an Indian palate.

Dog flesh is regarded by the Sloux as

delicious of all morsels to an Indian palate.

Dog flesh is regarded by the Sioux as almost a sacred dish, being reserved only for feasts or ocasions of ceremony, or when desiring to do special honor to a distinguished guest.

When very fat, wolf is considered nearly, if not quite, as good as dog. The Cheyennes and Arapahoes only cat dog when forced to it by hunger.

The Commanches are extremely fond of horselesh, preferring it to heef or even buffalo. In their rambles about camp the boys kill, with there arrows a good many birds, rabbits and other small game. The lorger portion of these are eaten by the boys themselves, but many are taken to camp where they are easerly pounced upon by the mothers, whose special prerogative they seem to be. Some few animals and birds were protected by superstition—though this was not strong enough to amount to absolute prohibition. They could not be eaten by the Indian under ordinary circumstances, but this did not prevent his cating them when the curcumstances were extraordinary. But all this is gone. Religion, superstition, public opinion, even self-respect, all give way before the cravings of an empty stomach. omach. Except in the item of seneral unclean-

Except in the item of general unclean-iness, which was common the whole matter of the Indian food supply has un-dergone, within a few years, a complete change, in most of the Indian tribes, Gov-ernment has made prisoners of the In-dians, confining them on reservations, has allowed white men to kill off the game supposed to be protected to them by laws.

ENGINEERS' NEW HEAD.

W. S. Stone, Appointed President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, to Follow Arthur's Policy.



The successful administration of the brotherhood of locomotive engineers, one of the most influential labor organizations in the country, is believed to be assured by the accession to the presidency of W. S. Stone, long a tried and fulthful liguidnant of the late Chief Arthur.

and now starves their with insufficient appropriations.

What was mere uncleanliness in the Indian's days of plenty has degenerated into squalor. The Indian, who, only a few years ago, contented himself with nothing but the yery choicest portions of animal flood, now eat any and everything. Dogs, wolves, reptites, horseftesh all go to appease the gnawings of his stomach. Some tribes cultivate small patches of corn, vegetables, pumpkins and meions. They are riosever, generally calen before they are ripe.

are ripe.

The Indian may become civilized under the kind of treatment of Uncle Sam, but I am afraid it will slowly lead to extinction and wipe off the earth a typical race. Rather Pointed Titles.

The following incident is told of a popular, and well-to-do. Thirty-second ward bachelor, who is a patron of the Wagner institute branch of the free librance.

I'll guarantee to like them," he re-joined gallantly.

A lady of one of the old families liv

ing near Boston related to a writer the other day an anecdote of Daniel Webster which has never been in print be-fore. This lady happened to be one of a few friends who went with Mr. Web-ster to the hall where hing on exhibipopular and well-to-do. Thirty-second stor to the hall where hung on exhinward bachelor, who is a patron of the Wagner institute branch, of the free library:

"I am going to the country Miss Blank," he said to the young lady at the desk, "and want to take a couple of interesting novels, but I can't make up my mind which two to select.

Couldn't you help me selections might and observations to his friends respect-

the desk, "and want to take a couple of interesting novels, but I can't make in the platform which commanded a view of up inty mind which two to select. Couldn't you help me out?"

"I am afraid my selections might not prove interesting to you," replied my be interesting to you," replied my be interesting to you," replied ing the different senators and the various plank.

"Just pick out two books for me and this portrait and that were spoken of and even the pages recognized. Finaljoined gallantly.

"Have you read Barries, or Reade's, remarked: 'And as for that man stand-novels?" she asked.

"No, get me one of each, and I'll be looking men in my day than he."

## A.B.C. BEERS Famous the World Over-Fully Matured. Order from Lincoln Liquor & Cigar Co.



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If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Here your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of violent physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The amountest, easiest, most perfect way of Keeping the bowels clear and circuit to take CANDY



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all departments.

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## The First **National Bank** of Lincoln. S. H. BURNHAM, President.

A. J. SAWYER, Vice President. H. S. FREEMAN, Cashier. H. B. EVANS, Asst. Cashler. FRANK PARKS, Asst. Cash.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT. 
 Deposits
 \$ 620,393.00

 Deposits
 700,982.00

 Deposits
 832,439.00

 Deposits
 1,170,992.00

 1898
 Deposits
 1,170,992.00

 1890
 Deposits
 1,201,699.00

 1900
 Deposits
 1,755,129.00

 1901
 Deposits
 2,536,570.04

 1902
 Deposits
 2,745,257.00

Arrangements have been made whereby we are now prepared to issue money driders good anywhere in the United States and at a much lower rate than express orders.

SADDLES One cent per word each insertion. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents. With this Brand on are the Best Made MANN'S steam dye works, 1322 O. Cloth-ing clouded, dyed satisfaction guarant'd. One cent per word éach insertion. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents.

LOANS made on furniture, horses, catilo, atc. Call and get special low rates; bus-iness confidential; papers free, Union Loan Co., Room 18, 137 S5, 11th. LOANS on household goods, horses, etc., no charge for drawing papers; money repaid any time to sult horrower; no publicity. Dennis, 119 No. 12th. A) KYOUR DEALER TO SHOW THEM

MANUFACTURED BY HARPHAM BROS.CO. LINCOLN.NEB.

BEFORE YOU BUY.

In Applying For Glasses

great discretion and caution should be exercised, for an apparently trivial error might be the prodrome of a disastrous lesion. Many opticians, absolutely unfamiliar with the dioptrics, the diseases and the malformations of the eye with no knowledge of the man the eye with no knowledge of the use of the ophthalmoscope, the rethioscope, the ophthalmometer and other adjuncts, in the detection and correction of visual errors, affect to be able to render competent service. My arminate of the competent service. render competent service. My arm-amentarium comprises all the mod-

ern appliances of nierit, the uses of which I am perfectly familiar with.

DR. J. B. TRICKEY,

1025 O Street.

Lincoln.

WANTS

WANTED-MALE HELP.

One cent per word each insertion. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents.

WANTED-Men to load ice. Inquire Lin-coln Ice Co., 1940 O.

WANTED-Good sober, all 'round country printer. State wages wanted and ability in first letter. Chieftain, Tecumseh, Neb.

WANTED-At once; good industrious men for general dray work. Sullivan-Schaberg Tran Cc., 121 N. Twelfth St.

WANTED-FEMALE MELP.

One cent per word each insertion. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents.

WANTED-Oirl for general housework, good wages, Mrs. R. E. Moore, 1740 E street.

WANTED-A laundress, Mondays and Tuesdays, each week. Apply 28 Sc. 27th.

WANTED-First-class girl. Will pay & a week. Mrs. F. M. Hall, 1040 D

WANTED-Girls seeking employment to address or call at Ladies' Employment Bureau, 1012 O St.

WANTED-AGENTS. One cent per word each insertion. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents.

AGENTS - Wanted immediately, at Charles Goeking's, 40% South 11th St., Lincoln, Neb., 55 made easy, per day.

WANTED-HOUSES. One cent per word each inscrition. No advertisement less than 20 cents.

WANTED—To reut—Furnished modern residence by small family who will take the best of care of it. Address Prescott Music Co., 128 So. 12th St.

WANTED-TO BUY.

One cent per word each insertion. No adver-

WANTED—Cast-off clothing, suits, over-coats, etc. highest cash price paid. New York Clothing Co., 205 No. 9th. Phone A665 and mun will call.

FOR RENT\_ROOMS:

One cent per word each insertion. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents.

FOR RENT-Two pleasant furnished rooms, private family, bath, 1503 L.

DESIRABLE furnished and unfurnished rooms, modern conveniences; central location; references, exchanged, 435 So. 12th St. 7

FOR SALE-CITY PROPERTY.

One cent per word each insertion. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents.

NEW, six-room, modern cottage, full lot and shade: E. W. Brown, Montgomery block.

FOR SALE-FARMS. One cent per word each insertion. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents.

HOLT COUNTY—Come and see the crops and buy a good farm or ranch; all sizes; write for list; F. B. Bignotd. Ewing, Neb.

FOR BARGAINS in farms, canches and city property, see Williams & Brati, 1105 O St.

OVER 100 énoice bargains in farms in Lancaster aud adjoining counties, west-ern lands and ranches, \$2 and up per ecre. Lew Marshall, real estate. 1916 O.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. One cent per word each insertion. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents.

POR SALE—New 6-horse Cushman gasoline engine Must sell quick. A snap. J. M. Day, 2540 No. 12th St.

I HAVE some bargains in second-hand typewriters. J. W. Brewster. 305 Fra-ternity building.

FRESH, all-rail Penn. Hard coal, \$10:50: Eureka, \$9.50. Reddish, 122 So. 12th.

FOR SALE-Very chean one National cash register; also complete three-horse steam engine. The Wittman Co.

FOR SALE-12- home power gasoline en-gine, 50 light dynamos both good as new, Buckstaff Bros.

TOMATOES for canning. It ner bushel, delivered: Also preserving tomatoes, all kinds. Drop poetal to Benham. P. O. box 624.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

One cent per word each insection. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents.

PRINTING PLANT with about \$300 worth of work on hand. Come quick to get the work. Steady run of business. Address Box 442, City.

FOR SALE-\$5,000 to \$15,000 in old established manufacturing and lobbing business; good dividend every year, P. O. box 766, city.

CLUANING AND DYEING.

FINANCIA

\$100 to \$500 loans on city property; money loaned on furniture; planos, salaries, etc. Confidential, People's Loan Co., (upstairs.) 1136 O st.

MONEY to lend on city property. Lincoln Safe Deposit and Trust Co., 126 No. Uth.

MONEY loaned on furniture, planos, etc. Confidential, Berger, 418 Richards Blk.

LOANS on improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Security Investment Co., 1048 P St.

LOANS made on city property. Fred Williams, 316 Richards Elk.

FOUND.

One cent per word each insertion. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents.

FOUND ..6 ..6 ..6 N.. N.. N...... POCKET containing money. Apply 1831 J street.

STURAGE. One cent per word each insertion. No adver-tisement less than 20 cents.

TRENHOLM'S, 223 N. lvth. Tel. 788. B. Burners, furniture stored, packed and shipped.

STORAGE—We store, pack and reship all kinds of goods. No mice. No bugs. Humbhrey Hardware Co., 3th and O.

16tb.

Rates I centa word each insertion. No advertisement less than 20 cents.

LOŚT,

One cent per word each insertion. No advertisement less than 20 cents. LOST-Leather money bag containing \$12.00 silver. Lost on Q or R street between ath and rist. If found notify Farmers' Grocery Co.

CAPABLE manager for branch office to be opened in this city by large manu-facturering corporation, salary \$5,00 monthly, Experience unnecessary, Ex-penses and cash commissions. Security and Al references required. Western F. A. Co., St. Louis, Mo. OST-A gold faub chain, engraven with initials R. V. M. Return to 1614 M. Receive reward. LOST-Between the Elkhorn and B. M. stations, pair of gold frame eye glasses. Reward. 162 F.

PERSONAL.

One cent per word each insertion. No adver-PRIVATE HOME during confinement; babies adopted. The Good Samaritan Sanitarium, 728 1st av., Council Bluffs.

(ADIES in trouble writing to Post Box 9. Omaha, Neb., will not regret it. LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal pills are the best Safe, reliable.
Take no other, Send 4c., stamps, for
particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in
letter by return mall, Ask your druggist, Chichester Chemical Co., Philada.,
Pa.

CANCER SPECIALISTS

WANTED-A middle-aged lady to keep house for an elderly couple, out of town. Call 213 North 12th St., after 10 a. m., Monday. DR T O'CONNOR, 1806 O St. Cancers cured without use of knife. References. WANTED-At Haysel restaurant, No. 143 No. 12th, a good woman cook; no other need apply: good wages. CARRIAGE PAISTER.

CHRIS BRODIGAN, 1117 F St. All Work guaranteed; good lob or no pay. CPHOLSTERING.

BOX mattress and couches made to or-der. W. L. Breese, 237 So. 11th, Phone,

CUSHIONS, box conches and curled bair, W. N. Parks, 120 No. 14th. Phone A998 JEWELHY.

THERE is no watch clock of article of jewelry that we cannot tepal? Prompt service C. A. Tucker, the Up-to-The-Minute Jeweler, 123 O St.

Miscellan fous." One cent per word each insertion. No adver-

FOR RENT-A round top test, 50 ft across, with 9-ft, side waits, in good repair. Will make a good display test for use at state fair. Address, H. S. Griffis, Brainard, Neb.

RATIROAD TIME TABLE.

Leaves B. & M. R. R. Arrives Lincoln, Depot 7th and P.Sts. Lincoln.

Lincoln. Depot 7th and PSis. Lincoln.

5:10am/Chicago Flyer via Omahavichicago Flyer via Louisville

6:00pm/Chicago Amited, via Omahaville

6:00pm/Chicago Amited, via Omahaville

10:30am/Omaha Passenger 14:30pm/Chicago Evpress, via Omaha

1:50pm/Chicago Evpress, via Omahaville

1:50am/Chicago Evpress, via Omahaville

1:50am/

FOR RENT-Three front rooms over Western Union Telegraph Office, 1134 Ostreet, Inquire, Carl Funke, 126 No. 10th st. FOR RENT-Furnished room, opposite state university, 439 No. 12th.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front rooms with bay window and alcove, southeast exposure. 1944 H. NEATLY furnished, pleasant room, Ger-trude Love, 215 No. 10th, Phone, 889. FOR RENT-Blegant large front foom handsomely furnished; modern, 602 So.

12:55mm St. Joseph & Kansas City 5:25pm St. Joseph & Kansas City 5:25pm Table Rock & Tecumseh Passenger Table Rock & Tecumseh 7:15mm 7:07am Fairfield & Alma ...... 1 5:25pm

\*Daily, †Daily, except Sundays, †Daily except Saturdays. Leaves C. R. I. & P. R. R. Arrives Lincoln. Depot 28th and O Sts. Lincoln

heaves Union Pacific: Arrives Lincoln, Depor O. and 5th Sts. Arrives

7:00am Mainhattan and Kansas S. Spra City (Except Sunday). S. Spra nections, (Except Sunday, 7:45pm Beatrice Express (except 5:50pm Stromsbury Branch Ex-press (except Sunday). 10:55am

Leaves Northwestern Line Arrives Lincoln. Depot 9th and S Sts. Lincoln.

Blissouri Pacific. Arrives Depot, 9th and S Sts. Lincoln. 

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